

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI  
EASTERN DIVISION**

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,**

**Plaintiff,**

**v.**

**TRAVION J. BROWN,**

**Defendant.**

**Case No. 4:17-CR-00051-RLW**

**PLAINTIFF UNITED STATES OF AMERICA’S MOTION TO AUTHORIZE  
PAYMENT FROM INMATE TRUST ACCOUNT**

COMES NOW the Plaintiff, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, by and through its attorneys, Sayler A. Fleming, United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, and Anthony J. Debre, Assistant United States Attorney for said District, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §§ 3613(a) and 3664(n), requests this Court enter an Order authorizing the Bureau of Prisons to turn over to the Clerk of the Court all funds held in the inmate trust account of Defendant TRAVION J. BROWN, Reg. No. 46541-044, as payment toward the criminal monetary penalties imposed in this case. In support of this motion, the government states as follows:

1. On December 6, 2017, Defendant pleaded guilty to one count of carjacking in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2119 and 18 U.S.C. § 2119(1); one count of attempted carjacking in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2119 and 18 U.S.C. § 2119(1); one count of attempted carjacking with serious bodily injury in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2119 and 18 U.S.C. § 2119(2); and one count of discharging a firearm in furtherance of a crime of violence in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 924(c)(1)(A) and 18 U.S.C. § 924(c)(1)(A)(iii). Doc. 69 at pgs. 1-2.

2. On May 4, 2018, this Court sentenced Defendant to a total of 300 months imprisonment, and 3 years supervised release. *Id.* at pgs. 3-4. This Court also ordered Defendant pay \$5,400.00 in restitution and a special assessment of \$400.00. *Id.* at pg. 7. As of the date of this filing, Defendant has paid \$317.92 toward the total balance of this debt.

3. Defendant remains in federal custody serving his sentence of imprisonment. According to the U.S. Bureau of Prison's Inmate Locator System, Defendant is presently incarcerated at Manchester FCI in Manchester, Kentucky. He is scheduled to be released from federal custody on March 20, 2038.

4. Pursuant to Title II, Subtitle B, of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act"), Pub. L. 116-136 (2020), individuals with an adjusted gross income in 2019 of \$75,000 or less were eligible to receive \$1,200 tax credits from the Treasury Department. On October 14, 2020, the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California ruled that the Treasury Department wrongfully withheld CARES Act tax credits from incarcerated individuals. *See Scholl v. Mnuchin*, 2020 WL 6065059 (N.D. Cal. Oct. 14, 2020). As a result, the Treasury Department has issued tax credit payments to incarcerated individuals, including Defendant.

5. The Treasury Department remitted the tax credit payment to Defendant's inmate trust account maintained by the Bureau of Prisons ("BOP").<sup>1</sup> At the request of the U.S. Attorney's Office, Defendant's inmate account has been encumbered against further transfer, withdrawal, or

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<sup>1</sup> The purpose of inmate trust accounts or commissary accounts is to allow the BOP to maintain inmates' monies while they are incarcerated, including monies received by the inmate from prison employment and outside sources. 28 C.F.R. §§ 506.1, 545.11. Family, friends, or other sources must deposit funds for the benefit of the inmate into these accounts. *Id.* Deposits intended for the inmate's account must be mailed directly to the BOP's centralized commissary account. 28 C.F.R. § 540.23.

assignment. On January 26, 2021, the BOP notified the U.S. Attorney's Office that it had encumbered the funds in Defendant's inmate trust account.

6. Title 18, Section 3613 sets forth the procedures for the United States to enforce criminal monetary penalties, including criminal restitution and fines. Specifically, a sentence including criminal restitution or a fine acts as a lien in favor of the United States on all property and rights to property of the person fined. 18 U.S.C. § 3613(c). Thus, the United States' lien attaches to Defendant's interest in funds held by the BOP in his inmate trust account. *See also*, 18 U.S.C. § 3613(a) (government enforces restitution against all property and rights to property of the defendant); 18 U.S.C. § 3664(m) (government may use all available and reasonable means to collect restitution).

7. Title 18, Section 3663A, requires Defendant's resources received from any source during his term of incarceration be applied to his outstanding criminal monetary penalties. Specifically, 18 U.S.C. § 3664(n) provides that, "[i]f a person obligated to provide restitution, or pay a fine, receives substantial resources *from any source*, including inheritance, settlement, or other judgment, during a period of incarceration, such person *shall be required* to apply the value of such resources to any restitution or fine still owed" (emphasis added).

8. The United States submits that an order authorizing the turnover of Defendant's inmate trust account is appropriate here and the United States is not required to rely upon other formal collection remedies such as garnishment<sup>2</sup> or execution upon property to obtain these funds. The funds at issue currently are in the BOP's possession and the United States has a valid lien over this property.

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<sup>2</sup> Congress specifically exempted the \$1,200 tax credits from garnishment for reasons other than arrearage on unpaid child support.

9. Furthermore, because the property is cash, it does not fall within any applicable categories of exempt property that a defendant may claim in a criminal case. 18 U.S.C. § 3613(a)(1) (setting forth the applicable IRS property exemptions for criminal cases). For criminal debts such as fines and restitution, federal law provides that the only categories of exempt property are: (1) wearing apparel and school books; (2) fuel, provisions, furniture, and personal effects; (3) books and tools of a trade, business, or profession; (4) unemployment benefits; (5) undelivered mail; (6) annuity or pension payments under certain, specified federal statutes; (7) workmen's compensation; (8) judgments for support of minor children; (9) certain service-connected disability payments; and (10) assistance under the Job Training Partnership Act. 18 U.S.C. § 3613(a)(1). Accordingly, Defendant cannot properly claim that the funds held in his inmate trust account are exempt from payment of a fine.<sup>3</sup>

10. Defendant is required to notify this Court and the Attorney General of any material change in his "economic circumstances" that might affect Defendant's ability to pay restitution. 18 U.S.C. § 3664(k). "Upon receipt of the notification, the court may, on its own motion, or the motion of any party, including the victim, adjust the payment schedule, or require immediate payment in full, as the interests of justice require." *Id.* The receipt of over \$1,200 constitutes a material change in Defendant's "economic circumstances" that affects his ability to pay restitution under section 3664(k).

11. By this motion, the United States seeks entry of an order authorizing the BOP to turnover to the Clerk of the Court all funds in Defendant's inmate trust account, including those

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<sup>3</sup> By statute, challenges to a garnishment of the defendant's property are limited to: (1) the probable validity of any claim of exemption; and (2) compliance with any statutory requirements for the issuance of the post-judgment remedy granted. 28 U.S.C § 3202(d).

funds received from the Treasury Department under the CARES Act, so the funds can be applied toward Defendant's outstanding criminal monetary penalties in this case.

12. The United States is serving Defendant with a copy of this motion by first class mail, postage prepaid, and he may object to the intended use of his property. The United States is not aware of any other party who may claim an interest in this property.

13. The United States submits that the requested relief is reasonable and appropriate in this instance where Defendant has accumulated significant funds in his inmate trust account. Also, without this relief, the BOP will be required to allow Defendant access to these funds, allowing him – or others – the opportunity to dissipate, conceal, or transfer the funds without first paying restitution.

WHEREFORE, for the reasons explained above, the United States requests that this Court grant its motion and enter an order authorizing the BOP to turnover to the Clerk of the Court all funds in Defendant's inmate trust account so the funds can be applied toward Defendant's outstanding criminal monetary penalties in this case, and any further relief this Court deems proper.

DATED January 29, 2021

Respectfully submitted,

SAYLER A. FLEMING  
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**Certificate of Service**

The undersigned hereby certifies that on January 29, 2021, a true and accurate copy of the foregoing was served via U.S. Mail, postage prepaid, to the following:

Travion J. Brown  
Reg. No. 46541-044  
FCI Manchester  
Federal Correctional Institution  
P.O. Box 4000  
Manchester, KY 40962

/s/ Anthony J. Debre  
Anthony J. Debre  
Assistant United States Attorney